# Potash

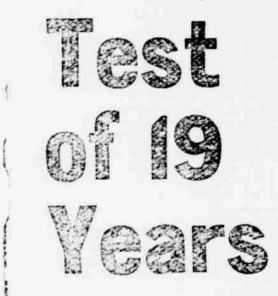
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THE ORIGINAL, ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS. Is sold under positive Written Guarantee. by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quick-ness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confi-dence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, \$1 a box; six for \$5; with written guarantee to





dent to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea. Drowsiness, Distress after pating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

Headache, vet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constitution, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action clease all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; Ive for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

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#### EUROPE.

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THE SUBJECT OF A SPIRITED DE-BATE IN THE SENATE.

The Senate Lays Aside the Appropriation Bills to Discuss the Cuban Situation. Senator Daniel's Vigorous Protest Against Spain's Insult to Our Representative at Havana-His Tilt With Senator Hale-Senator Sherman Declares His Determination to Protect American Citi-

SENATE.

Washington, February 25.—With an apparent disregard whether the appropriation bills, still unacted on by the Senate, are to be passed at the present session, or are to be deferred to the house in extra session, the senate, today by a vote of 40 to 27, laid aside the Indian appropriation bill, which although I do not care to enter upon it. had already occupied three days, and I am in favor of the pending joint resotook up the joint resolution which had lution, and I think it ought to combeen reported yesterday from the com- | mand the unanimous approval of the mittee on foreign relations, demanding senate. I believe that gross injustice the immediate and unconditional re- almost barbarous injustice, has been lease of Julio Sanguilly from a Cuban done to a naturalized citizen of the fortress. It came up in the first in- United States who has a right to prostance, as part of the morning busi- tection from the president. I am not ness, the vice president deciding that, in favor of passing this resolution at under the rules, a motion to take up this moment. But as it stands in the the Indian appropriation bill was not | way of appropriation bills, I have so in order until after the morning business was disposed of, and when at 1 that after the debate has gone on a o'clock p. m., the morning hour did | while the senate will see clearly the expire, a motion to proceed with the necessity of taking up the appropriation Sanguilly joint resolution was made by Senator Allen, and, although it was | there is any inconsistency in that. I resisted by the chairman of the com- hope that senators who are opposed to mittee on appropriations (Allison), and the resolution will not stand in the was voted against by the chairman of | way of a vote. It is great injustice to the committee on foreign relations say that we who are in favor of the (Sherman), it prevailed by the vote resolution are opposed to the passage above mentioned. The debate from the of the appropriation bills. I intend to first was of a rather exciting character. | stand by the committee on appropria-Senator Allen spoke of Spain as a tions from this day to the end of the "decaying monarchy, a blot on the session; but that shall not prevent me map of the world, and a disgrace to from doing what I think is right in be-

Senator Daniel, a member of the committee on foreign relations, went over the story of the case. Sanguilly, he said, was wounded, sick and in can citizen can be wronged or perseprison. He had been treated rigorously, harshly, cruelly and brutally-in a That is the way I feel now. I am in manner that was a disgrace to this favor of protecting this American citicentury and to civilization. Not only , zen, though he is a naturalized citizen. that, but the American consul had I am opposed to wrong and violence been treated arrogantly by the Span- and tyranny wherever it is exercised, ish authorities-not only in his own and when it is exercised against an person, but in his country. He had American citizen I will stand up for been told by a Spanish officer, high in him, even if I am alone." authority to whom he had made a . The house bill to amend the act most polite and courteous appeal, that tion in favor of Sanguilly, by order of and passed without amendment. the state department, was a disgrace to the United States and to the Ameri- 8 o'clock p. m. Daniel declared. "had demanded his passport, and if the Spanish government had failed to apologize for that insult to our representative and to our flag, and an American fleet had been sent to Havana to demand it, I do not believe there is a single citizen of the United States who would not have re-

Senator Hale asked Mr. Daniel wheth er the purport of the joint resolution was the release of Sanguilly. "That is the purport of it," Senator

Daniel admitted. Senator Hale-Has not this whole matter been the subject of direct diplomatic negotiation between the state department and the Spanish government for the purpose of securing the release of Sanguilly? If so, will the senator state what has been the result? Is it not a fact that at the present moment the state department has conducted the negotiation to the point that it is expecting the release of Sanguilly

within a few days?" Before Senator Daniel had time to enswer the question, Mr. Lodge crossed the area, and made a whispered suggestion to him, and then Senator Daniel replied that he had no such

knowledge. Senator Hale-Has there been no communication from the secretary of state to the committee on foreign relations stating that he is expecting that Sanguilly will be released, through the ordinary efforts of diplomacy, within

a few days? Daniel replied; and Senator Lodge also

Senator Hale-I ask the senator, and I ask the senator from Ohio. (Sherman), whether he has not a letter on that subject from the state department. Senator Daniel-I must decline

furnishing information which can be easily got at the state department. Senator Hale-But the senator will recollect that the committee on foreign relations is the organ of this body. Senator Daniel-I am not bound to yield my time on the floor on that account. I am the organ of the state which I am representing; and when I get through, I will yield to any organ that may desire to be heard, whether it be the organ of the captain general of Cuba, of of the Queen of Spain. or

any one else. When a laugh followed this pointed allusion, Senator Daniel promptly disclaimed meaning anything offensive. Senator Hale-I could say something offensive if I wanted to, but I will not

Senator Daniel-I could not, even if I

desired to. Senator Hale-I hope that, before the discussion ends, (and it will not end in one or two hours, or in one or two days), the committee on foreign relations will put the senate in possession of what the state department is doing in the way of the release of Sanguilly, if that be the object of the

Senator Daniel-The state department has been dealing with this matter diplomatically for two years; and two years is long enough for this government to get a United States citizen out of prison.

When senator Hale read a telegram from Havana, stating that Sanguilly's appeal to Madrid had been withdrawn so as to facilitate his release, his colleague (Frye) denounced that withdrawal as a wicked and unjust act on the part of Sanguilly's counsel and declared (with an accompaniment of applause from the galleries) that if he had his way a ship of war would start forthwith for Havana.

Senator Hale regarded that outburst as telling the whole story. What his colleague and other senators wanted was war; but the country would not be drawn into war in the next seven days if he (Hale) could help it.

Senator Hoar showed from the committee's own report that Sanguilly had been only two months, instead of five years, in the United States when he got his naturalization papers; had then left the country and had never returned since, having lived in Cuba for the last eighteen years; that the naturalization papers were fraudulent, and that Sanguilly was no more an American citizen than Senator Daniel was a subject of Turkey.

Senators Lodge and Daniel denied th right of the senate to go between the record of the superior court of New Yorw from which the papers had been

Senator Teller characterized the con-

THE SANGUILLY RESOLUTION fuct of the state department as "pusiothing better from the next adminisration. He declared that he would nake every power in the world respect American citizens if it should take all he money, all the ships and all the

men that the country had. When Senator Teller finished his remarks Senator Allen alluded to the fact that the discussion had been going on for the last hour on the Indian appropriation bill, and he moved that the bill be laid aside and that the Sanguilly resolution be again taken up. The motion was agreed to-yeas, 40;

Allusions by Senators Hill and White to the inconsistency of Senator Sherman in having the joint resolution reported yesterday, and expressing the hope that the senate would pass it today and then voting today against taking it up, brought Senator Sherman to his feet. He said:

"The senator from California seems to desire to drag me into the debate, voted and will so vote again. I trust bills and passing them. I do not think half of the policy of the United States to protect its citizens agains unlawful and insolent treatment. I trust the time will never come when an Americuted by any power, great or small.

the appointment of receivers of nationhis conduct in presenting an interven- al banks was taken from the calendar At 6 o'clock a recess was taken until

can flag. "If that consul," Senator HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. By a vote of 144 to 46, the house, after two hours' debate, passed the bill of Mr. Johnson, of Indiana, authorizing national banks to take out circulation to the par value of bonds deposited to secure it, an increase of 10 per cent.

> over the limit now allowed. Early in the session the bill was passed to confer upon postoffice inspectors in the enforcement of the postal laws the same powers as are possessed by marshals and sheriffs in the several states.

The resolution agreed upon today by the committee on foreign affairs, calling on the president for the correspondence relating to the arrest and punishment of American citizens by the Spanish authorities in Cuba was presented by Mr. Hitt and agreed to. At the suggestion of Mr. Barrett, of Massachusetts, Speaker Reed stated that he would order to be removed from the permanent record the words in The Record this morning announcing the arrival of Mr. Bryan on the floor yesterday, together with the fact that he was received with cheers on the democratic side.

The house at 6 o'clock adjourned.

Death in the Ohio Flood. Cincinnati, Ohio, February 27.-The first fatality attending the high water occurred at 4:15 o'clock this afternoon Three of the floors of the five-story stone front warehouse on Front street "Not within my knowledge," Senator | near Vine, owned by Hinkle, Wilson & Kreies, wholesale grocers, caved in at that hour. The building is surrounded with several feet of water. About 1,000 barrels of sugar went down with the wreck, and carried with it several men All of the front and rear walls and part of the side walls are still standing Eleven men were at work in the build ing but all escaped serious injury by jumping from the windows into the water, except Jacob Schmalbach, of Covington, Ky., who is missing and doubtless crushed to death under the ruins. On account of the danger from the tottering walls and the surrounding flood it is impossible to search for men was struck on the head by a fall ing joist. Mr. Wilson, one of the proprietors, was in the front of the building when the collapse came and was thrown into the cellar. He was not struck by any of the debris and succeeded in swimming to safety. The high waters doubtless weakened the oundations and let the floors down The loss is about \$55,000.

Bryan Approves the Silver Republican Organization.

Washington, February 24.-Mr. Bryin was asked tonight: "What do you hink of the address issued by the sil ver republicans?" and he replied:

"I believe that they are right in con-

inuing a separate organization as silnost effective supporters of bimetalism during the campaign, and since he election they have stood unshaken nd undismayed. They do not conider themselves democrats or popuists, and since they cannot affiliate vith the republican party while it tands for the gold standard, they tave wisely decided to complete an rganization and hold their forces toether. In accepting the nomination of l he national silver party, I stated that ve did not insist upon the silver rebublicans becoming democrats, but hat we accepted their support with he understanding that the same patriotism which directed them in 1896 would be present to direct them in 1900. The democratic party deserved and though little hope remained, she their confidence in 1896, and I hope that it will deserve their support in the next campaign. Future events must determine what is wise in 1900."

Both Governor and Mayor.

Detroit, Mich., February 27.-Hazen S. Pingree is still mayor of Detroit and governor of the state of Michigan, according to an opinion rendered by the full bench of the Wayne circuit court today. The decision was upon the mandamus proceedings brought by the Board of Public Works Commissioner Moreland, to require the court of Wayne to declare the office of mayor vacant, and issue a call for an election to fill the vacancy. The court holds free to any adthat Mr. Moreland, standing alone dress. Swift and without the relation of the attor- Specific Co., ney general, has no standing in court atlanta Gaand the court has no jurisdiction.

### GOVERNOR TAKES WATER.

THE ANTI-LEASE BILL.

Anti-Dispensary People Delighted at Unfavorable Report on the Asheville Bill. The Debate Today on the Railroad Lease Bill-The Newbern Charter Amendment to be Defeated in the Senate- The Fight Against the Winston-Salem Southbound Railroad Charter.

Messenger Bureau, Park Hotel. Raleigh, N. C., February 25. The anti-dispensary people are delighted at the "black eye" the committee gave the Buncombe county dispensary bill, which is favored by both the representatives from that county. The bill will be heartily sustained, however, when it comes up. The committee expressed a willingness to let Asheville vote on a dispensary, but said it opposed letting the whole county vote. The fact is that outside of Asheville the county is prohibition. A reason The building was gutted, and Messrs. urged for not having a dispensary in Polvogt & Co.'s large stock of goods Goldsboro is that no whiskey will be sold at night and that farmers who haul tobacco there will not be able to take their tobacco to Wilson, a rival market. This was argued before the

committee yesterday. on the bill to annul the lease of the North Carolina railway will attract general attention. As was stated several days ago, there will be offered amendments and Senator Ashburn will offer a substitute for the bill. It is today learned that this substitute is put in Ashburn's hands by Governor Russell. It is also learned that this substitute merely provides for legislative authority to bring suit to test the legality of the lease. This is quite a retrograde movement on the governor's part. It would appear to a layman that he has now the power to instruct the attorney general to bring suit to

takes water." Senator Grant today introduced a bill as a substitute for the anti-lease bill. It gives the legislative approval of the lease, makes the term thirty years from 1901, the rate 7 per cent.; in fact merely reduces the term from ninetynine years, with all the conditions of the present lease as to all betterments becoming the property of the state, the Southern railway to pay all taxes, as at present, and the Southern to become a state corporation is a compromise bill throughout. It is therefore of the highest importance. Your correspondent was early this morning shown the bill by Senator Grant. [The text of this bill will be found in another column.]

Judge Ewart spoke with great satisfaction today of the defeat of the bill to amend the charter of Wilmington. He is a typical "western republican." "We beat the Wilmington He said: bill. We will beat the Newbern bill too in the senate. Lots of republicans in the house would have voted against this latter bill had they not known it would be defeated in the senate. Western republicans will simply not let these bills pass.'

The negro members of the republican caucus, or rather some of them, are giving their party no end of trouble. Senator Person is the most violent of them all. The negro members are rather a thorn in the side of the republicans. This is shown in a number of ways.

The populists are hopelessly divided Some of them now vote regularly with the democrats on any question which

The fight against the bill to charter the Winston-Salem Southbound railway, which began in the house last night and which was made by a republican, was quite a surprise to Lieutenant Governor Reynolds, whose special bill this is. The road proposed is really an extension of the Roanoke South ern. The assertion was made that it paralleled the North Carolina railway and hence would injure the state's in

Miss Margaret Iredell Cowper, daugh ter of Mr. Pulaski Cowper, of this city, was married yesterday to Mr. Robert B. Hall, of Atlanta, Bishop Cheshire

officiating. In the federal court here, Judge Simonton presiding, judgment is entered agaisnt W. E. Black, ex-postmaster at Carthage, and his sureties, for \$1,537, for default in money order account. All prisoners sentenced to the pen

tentiary by the federal court from this district will go to Columbus, Ohio. There are ten divorce cases set for hearing at the superior court term of this county now in progress.

Senator Chandler is not at home in his party, and he will not be until he learns that principle has nothing to do with it now; that success must be achieved a any sacrifice of principle and the expenthe body. Mike Coleman, another of the diture of vast funds fried from the corand trusts.-Omaha World

Mr. A. H. Crausby, of 158 Kerr St. Memphis, Tenn., says that his wife paid no attention to a small lump which appeared in her breast, but it soon developed into a cancer of the worst type, and notwithstanding the treatment of er republicans. They were among the the best physicians, it continued to be a few more policies besides these. spread and grow rapidly, eating two FINE WORK BY THE FIREMEN. holes in her breast. The doctors

soon pronounced her incurable. A celebrated New York specialist then treated her, but she continued to grow worse and when informed hopeless. Someone then re-

commended S.S.S. begun it, and an improvement was noticed. The cancer commenced to heal and when she had taken several bottles it \$500. disappeared entirely, and although several years have elapsed, not a sign of the disease has ever returned.

### A Real Blood Remedy

S.S.S. (guaranteed purely vegetable) to cure Cancer, Eczema, Rheumatism Scrofula, or any other blood disease. Our books

will be mailed

#### TWO BIG FIRES.

HIS PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE FOR ABOUT \$60,000 WORTH OF PROP-ERTY SWEPT AWAY.

> C. W. Polvoght & Co's Dry Goods Establishment Totally Destroyed-Their Loss Between \$30,000 and \$40,000-Mr. S. Behrends' Building, Valued at \$15,000, in Ruins-A Second Fire, With Losses Footing Up Several Thousand Dollars. It Was the Work of a Fire Bug-A Third Fire Started by a Fire Fiend.

Wilmington was visited last night by two of the most disastrous fires that have occurred here since the great conflagration of February, 1886. The loss by the two will aggregate about \$60,000.

The first fire was in the dry goods establishment of C. W. Polvogt & Co., in Mr. S. Behrend's two-story brick building, at No. 9 North Front street. went up in the flames.

The fire is supposed to have originated in the cellar, but its origin is get a drink at night and hence will unknown. The store was closed at 7 p. m., and in ten minutes people on Front street noticed the flames and smoke pouring up in the inside of The debate in the senate tomorrow the store at the rear end. The alarm was sent in from all the boxes in the vicinity, but the big bell failed to respond. The little bell, however, rang out the numbers, and all the gongs in the engine houses rang out promptly, bringing the fire department on the scene in a few minutes. Thousands of people flocked to the scene, and the streets were a perfect jam with men, women and children. With the engines at work and the firemen working like Trojans, the scene was one of the wild-

est excitement. With the firemen making herculean efforts, the whole inside of the store was a mass of furious flames in twenty test the lease's legality. To use the minutes. The fire soon burst through phrase of a legislator, "the governor the windows and roof and the heavens were filled with smoke and myriads of sparks and flying coals that endangered property for squares around. The wind was blowing lightly from the southwest and carried the sparks No alarm was sent in. The damage is northward and eastward, dropping live coals four squares away. At one time it looked as if the whole of the business center of the city was doomed.

Nothing of the building was left but the walls, and Messrs. Polvogt & Co.'s | Messrs. C. W. Polvogt & Co., Were Insured stock of goods was totally destroyed, collar button. THE MESSENGER'S NARROW ES-

The Messenger office, a short distance north of the burning building, was covered with falling fire and its destruction seemed inevitable. The danger was so imminent at one time that a large quantity of newspaper and job material, and the desks, books and valuable papers, etc, were removed from the office to a place of safety. A large number of volunteers, both white and colored men, helped us with a will, and placed us under lasting obligations for the cheerful manner and quick and excellent work they did. The Phoenix Hose Reel Company, an organization of veteran colored firemen, and also some of the Cape Fear Steam Fire Engine Company, another of our excellent colored companies, stood nobly in the breech, however, and by heroic efforts and effective work, saved The Messenger building. The hard-working

The Messenger's thanks for their gal-

lant work. When the fire broke out The Messenger's force had come on duty and the type-setting machines had just started up to get out the paper. In a few minutes, however, the electric lights were shut off and the office was left in darkness until several lamps were brought into requisition. The outlook was so ominous that the telephone men of both companies came over and took out their 'phones, and a force came up from the power house of the Wilmington Street Railway Company and took out the transformer and were getting ready to remove the dynamo that furnishes electric power for running our establishment. In three-quarters of an hour, however, the firemen got the fire under control, and in a short while Messrs. Gouverneur and Skelding, of the Street Railway Company, had a force of hands in the office and restored our electric power. The Wilmington Gas Light Company also very promptly restored our electric lights, our office fixtures and material were moved back into the office and our force of editors and printers got down to work as quietly and as assiduously as if nothing unususal had happened.

The office sustains some damage by water in the job office and by removal of material, but the loss will be small and is covered by insurance.

HEAVY LOSS BY POLVOGT . CO Messrs. Polvogt & Co. estimate that they had in stock between \$35,000 and \$40,000 worth of dry goods, notions, carpets, etc. They carried insurance on this stick with the following underwriters: With Willard & Giles, \$8,000; with F. H. Stedman, \$2,000; with Colonel Walker Taylor, \$5,000; with W. W. Hodges, \$2,500, with J. H. Boatwright & Son, \$9,000; with Atkinson & Son, \$4,000. There may possibly be some other policies,, but it was impossible last night to ascertain definitely.

MR. BEHRENDS' LOSS.

Mr. S. Behrends carried insurance on his building in the following agencies: With Colonel Walker Taylor, \$7,800; with W. W. Hodges, \$1,500; with J. H. Boatwright & Son, \$1,500. There may Chief of the Fire Department Martin Newman was confined to his room with sickness, and the management of the fire devolved on Assistant Chief Charles Schnibben. His management of the fire was superb and our citizens highly complimented him for his efforts and skill. The fire department did one of the best pieces of work in that both her aunt its history in confining the fire to one and grandmother had building, and the citizens who watched died from cancer he them are loud in their praise of them gave the case up as for their systematic and successful work. All praise to our noble firemen. All the plate glass fronts and the glass in the upper windows of the Purcell house, the stores of W. E. Springer & Co., H. J. Gerken and George Honnett, across the street, were cracked by the heat. This loss will foot up

THE SECOND FIRE

By 8:3) o'clock the fire in Messrs. Polvogt & Co.'s store was practically out, and it was fortunately so, for at that time another fire broke out in the frame warehouses and naval stores yards on the wharf, along South Water street, between Ann and Nun streets. is a real blood remedy, and never fails The fire department left the fire up town in charge of a detachment and went to the second fire and had it institutions in the city. Examiner Ausunder control in half an hour. Four tin is inclined to the belief that the grounds were burned down. They were mission firm is said to be responsible nothing less than tinder and everything for the run and subsequent failure. on the whar? between Ann and Nun | The clearing house association has apstreets, except the old shed at the foot pointed a committee to investigate the of Nun screet, was totally destroyed. failure.

One of the warehouses and part of the wharf belonged to the P. C. Calder estate and was insured for \$1,200 in the agency of J. H. Boatwright & Son and \$1,800 with Willard & Giles. The warehouse was empty and the loss is probably fully covered. The other warehousesebelonged to the F. J. Lord estate, and was insured for \$900 with Messrs. Willard & Giles. We did not ascertain whether there was any other insurance on the property or not. The Lord property was occupied by Mr. S. P. McNair as a naval stores yard and he had a large quantity of spirits turpen tine, rosin, etc., destroyed. He was insured for \$2,000 with Willard & Giles and \$1,000 with F. H. Stedman. The total loss by this fire will amount to about \$6,000 or \$7,000. At this fire the fire department also

did a very fine pie of work in confining the flames as the property on the block. The origin of the fire on the wharf

is not known, but it is believed it was incendiary. It was not caused by sparks from the first fire, for it was six or seven blocks away, and the wind was not blowing in that direction. Soon after the alarm for the second fire was turned in, the Gas Company's wires for the incandescent service were burned in two, and as it was impossible to repair them last night, we fell

A BOLD INCENDIARY ATTEMPT.

back on gas and lamps for light to

This morning at 12:38 o'clock, while Messrs. E. G. Parmele, C. H. Robinson, Jr., J. W. Furlong, D. B. Holland and Robt. Banks were going up Princess street on their way from the second fire to the Atlantic hall, they saw what appeared to be the flaring of a lamp in the stairway entrance, on Princess street, leading up into Mr. Sol. Bear's brick building, on Front and Princess streets, occupied on the first floor by Mr. I. Shrier, the clothier, They went over and found the hallway and steps on fire, and extinguished the flames. They discovered that some one had saturated the three bottom steps with kerosene oil and set it on fire. The matting and paper under it, at the foot of the steps, was on fire, and they ripped it up, threw it into the street and put out the fire on the steps. Whoever set fire to the place had left the door partly open to give the fire draught

#### FRIDAY NIGHT'S FIRES.

for \$31,700-Mr. Behrend's Insurance

\$9,900-Mr. Behrends to Rebuild. Great crowds of people viewed the ruins of the fire on Friday in the drygoods house of Messrs. C. W. Polvogt & Co., at No. 9 North Front street, and in the warehouses and naval stores yards on the wharf between Ann and Nun streets. At both places the fire

made a clean sweep. There is no theory for the origin of the fire in Messrs. Polvogt & Co.'s store. Mr. C. W. Polvogt says there had been fire during the day in the heating furnace in the cellar, but he does not think the fire caught from it. He says it caught in the cellar or in the rear part of the store on the first

Messrs. Polvogt & Co. had \$31,700 insurance on their stock, with the folcolored firemen surely won and have lowing underwriters: With Willard & Giles, \$8,000; with F. H. Stedman, \$2,000; with Colonel Walker Taylor, \$5,000; with W. W. Hodges, \$2,500; with J. H. Boatwright & Son, \$9,000; with Atkinson & Son, \$2,700; with Dr. W. W. Harriss, \$2,500. Mr. Polvogt thinks the insurance will about or nearly cover his loss on stock, but there will be a big loss on account of the stoppage of the business. He expects to resume business at the old stand as soon as Mr. S. Behrends, owner of the building,

> can have it repaired or rebuilt. Mr. Behrends tells us that he will have the building repaired or rebuilt, as soon as the loss is adjusted and the insurance settled. He does not know yet whether the walls of the building will have to be taken down or not. It is said that the north wall is damaged and will have to be pulled down, but it is believed the other walls are intact. The amount of his insurance was only \$9,900, as follows: With Colonel Walker Taylor, 6,900; with J. H. Boatwright & Son, \$1,500; with John Wilder Atkinson & Son, \$1,500. The in-

surance will not quite cover his loss. It is estimated that the damage to the Purcell House building and the stores occupied by Messrs. H. J. Gerken and George Honnett, will amount to from \$500 to \$600. This loss is cover-

ed by insurance. The losses in the second fire, the one hat occurred in the warehuses and laval store yards on the wharf beween Ann and Nun streets, were covered by insurance as follows: The P. Calder estate, on warehouse \$1,000. in wharf \$200; the F. J. Lord estate, on warehouses \$900; Mr. S. P. McNair on spirits turpentine, rosin, spirits casks, nolasses, etc., \$3,000. Mr. Wm. Calder ind Mr. F. A. Lord state that their ess will be about covered. Mr. McNair nforms us that his loss will be from 11,500 to \$2,000. His loss is more than

In the latter fire Captain E. D. Wiliams, of the stem tug Marion, did ine service with the steamer's fire sparatus. He reached the scene just n time to save several thousand barels of rosin in the naval stores yards of Messrs. Williams and Murchison.

Failure of a St. Louis Savings Bank St. Louis, February 27.-After a run

of an hour this morning, the Mulianphy bank, corner of Broadway and Cass streets, closed its doors. Bank Examiner C. O. Austin immediately took charge and the following placard was posted on the doors: "This bank is in the hands of the secretary of state." Tre liabilities are estimated at \$810,000, and Cashier Kammerer says the assets will reach nearly the same figures. The Mullanphy bank has about 1,500 depositors and was regarded as one of the most substantial savings very old warehouses, or sheds, and bank will not resume. The filing of a some little one-room shantles on the chattel mortgage of \$25,000 by a com-